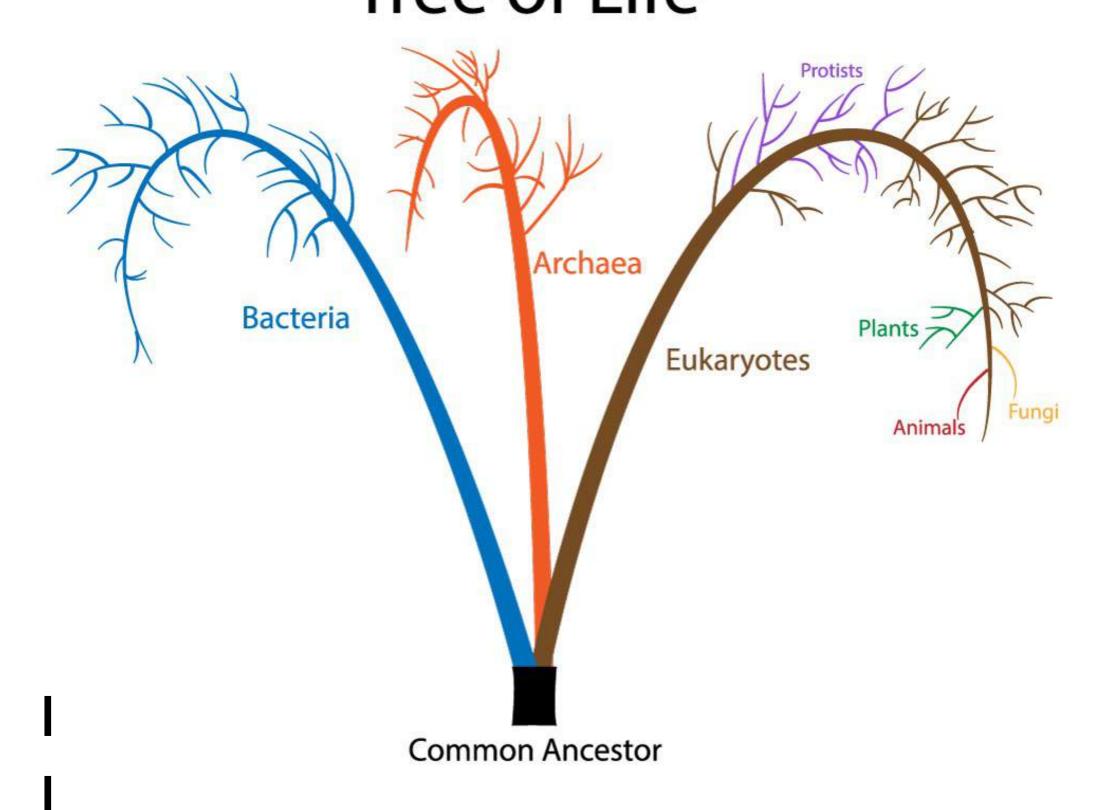


- 0- Introduction of Extreme Habitats and Some Examples
- 1- Alexandra Daisy Ginsberg "The Wilding of Mars" 2019
- 2- Agnes Meyer-Brandis "The Moon Goose Analogue" 2011
- 3- Jenna Sutela "nimiia vibié" 2018
- 4- Azuma Makoto Frozen Flowers 2018

Tree of Life



The term extreme environment refers to a habitat with extreme conditions such as temperature, accessibility to various sources, or even high pressure, which makes it very difficult for human and animal to survive in.

Extreme environments include the geographical poles, deserts, volcanoes, deep ocean, the upper atmosphere and outer space, and every planet except Earth (partly).

There are numerous species, some of which are well known and some of which are unknown. No matter how many generations have passed, either these species have adapted over time to these extreme environments or they have lived there their entire life.

The following list contains only a few species that live in extreme environments. **Examples**

- Giant kangaroo rat
- Certain species of frogs
- Thermotolerant worms (Alvinella pompejana)
- Devil worms, <u>Halicephalobus mephisto</u>
- Greenland shark
- Marine microorganism
- Bdelloidea
- Tardigrade (waterbear)
- Himalayan jumping spider, Euophrys omnisuperstes
- Cockroach

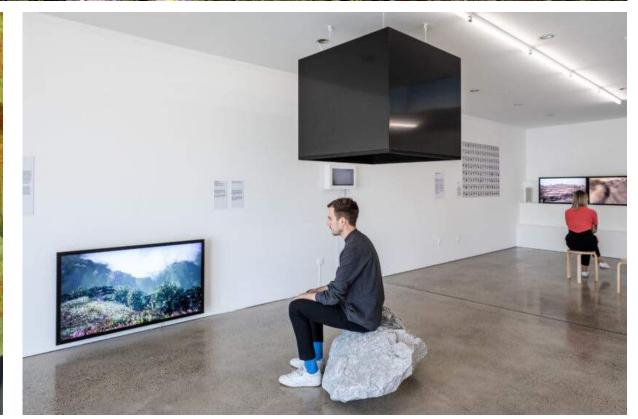










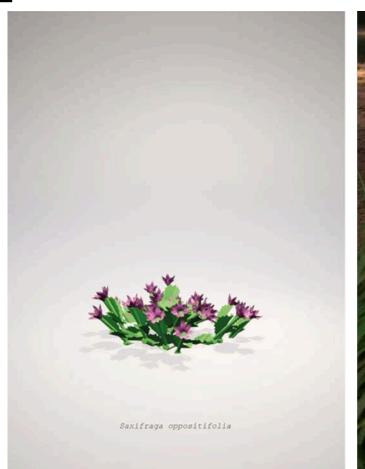


Dr. <u>Alexandra Daisy Ginsberg</u> is an artist examining fraught relationships with nature and technology. Through artworks, writing, and curatorial projects, Daisy's work explores subjects as diverse as artificial intelligence, exobiology, synthetic biology, conservation, biodiversity, and evolution, as she investigates the human impulse to "better" the world.

"If you think the world is terrible, it still means you think it could be otherwise."

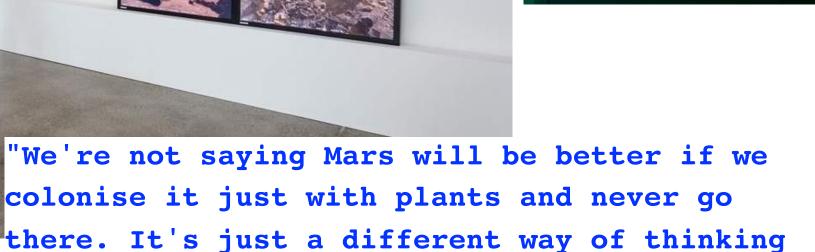
Alexandra Daisy Ginsberg, Artist https://pollinator.art. —- If pollinators designed gardens, what would humans see?











about it and through that difference it's a way to look back on earth and on ourselves."

Could we imagine Mars colonised only by plants, flourishing without us?

The Wilding of Mars simulates the growth of a planetary wilderness, seeded with Earth life forms.

In exhibition, a wild garden on Mars thrives over millennia, its growth visible over human hours. In the installation, multiple simulations run in parallel; endless possible worlds emerge, challenging the assumption that the outcome of space colonisation must be human benefit.

The Wilding of Mars instead prioritises a non-human perspective with plants visibly growing and colonising the terrain, while voyeuristic camera angles heighten the sense of human intrusion.

In this piece, the goal is not to terraform Mars. Instead, it is to serve as a repository for the mechanism of life. Plant life takes Mars in a different direction and Mars may take life elsewhere. There are other paths life could take. Is it possible for humans to leave the planet to other life forms in an unnatural manner? Can we imagine Mars except as a place for ourselves?

Alexandra Daisy Ginsberg / The Wilding of Mars / Vitra Design Museum, 2019 https://vimeo.com/350723399?embedded=true&source=video title&owner=459840





To think about the radically different idea of populating the red planet with a wild garden instead of the human species. The crux of her idea lies not in the recreation of the chronology of human survival on Earth but, in letting the plants flourish on their own, untouched by our presence. By prioritising a non-human perspective, viewers watch the plants "colonizing" and wilding the planet through voyeuristic angles that heighten the feeling of human invasion.

Alexandra Daisy Ginsberg / The Wilding of Mars / Vitra Design Museum, 2019

https://www.daisyginsberg.com/work/the-wilding-of-mars









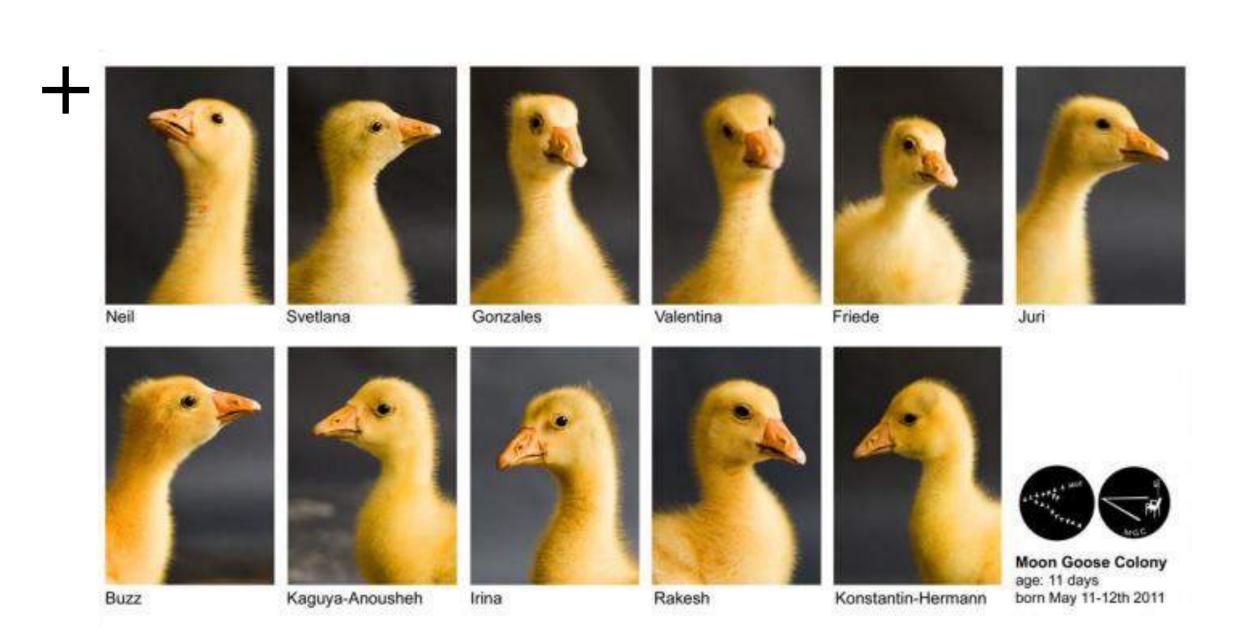
Agnes Meyer-Brandis, born 1973 in Aachen, DE, studied mineralogy for a year then transferred to the Art Academy in Maastricht, the Düsseldorf Art Academy and the Cologne Media Art Academy. She comes from a background of both sculpture and new media art. Her work, exhibited worldwide and awarded, is at the experimental edge of art and science, exploring the zone between fact and fiction. Agnes Meyer-Brandis is the founder of the "Forschungsfloss FFUR / Research Raft for Subterranean Reefology", a small institute whose chief aim is to explore and confirm subterranean phenomena and unknown lifeforms.

Agnes Mayer Brandis

http://www.blubblubb.net

http://www.agnes-meyer-brandis.de

https://www.artscatalyst.org/artist/agnes-meyer-brandis https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=piTbLoi5s1k. —— 4:50







https://www.instagram.com/p/ Bsy7_3gHoDB/

In the documentary film **The Moon Goose Colony**, artist Agnes Meyer-Brandis (former geologist) develops an ongoing narrative based on the book The Man in the Moone, written by the English bishop Francis Godwin in 1638, in which the protagonist flies to the Moon in a chariot towed by moon geese.

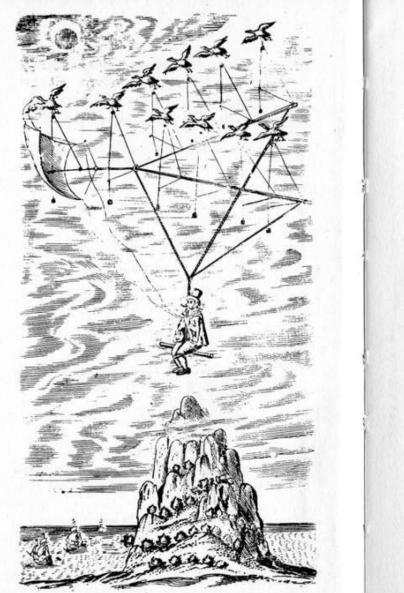
"The Moon Goose Analogue: Lunar Migration Bird Facility". For this project, Meyer-Brandis was inspired by the book "The Man in the Moone" written by the English bishop Francis Godwin in 1603, in which the protagonist flies to the Moon in a chariot towed by "moon geese". To make the "moon geese" concept a reality, the artist raised eleven moon geese from birth in Pollinaria, Italy.

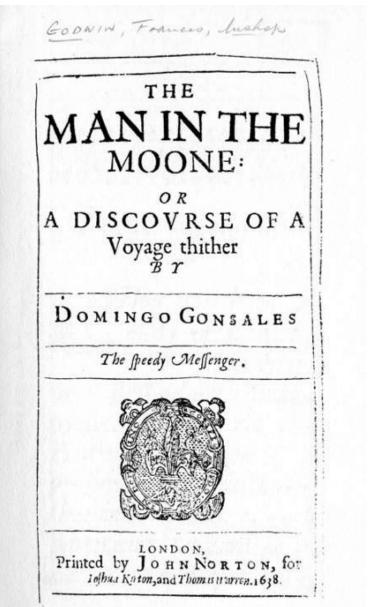
Agnes Mayer Brandis

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=piTbLoi5s1k. — 4:50
https://vimeo.com/38986659?embedded=true&source=video title&owner=5995311









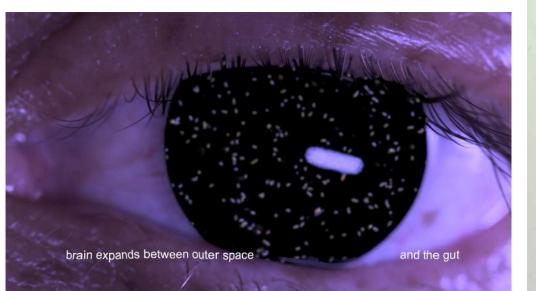
Agnes Mayer Brandis

https://www.huffpost.com/entry/republic-of-moon_n_4577402



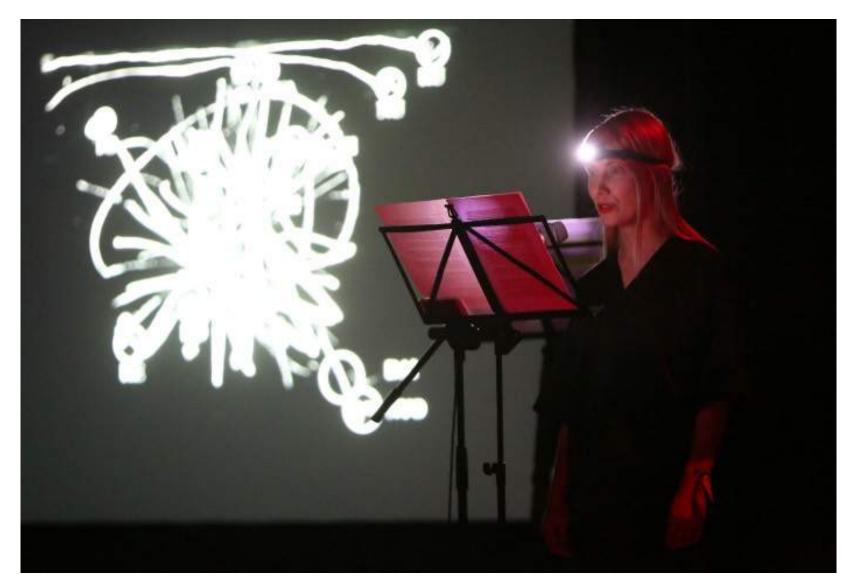






https://momentum9.no/contributor/jenna-sutela/





Jenna Sutela b. 1983, Turku, Finland) lives and works in Berlin. She works with words, sounds, and other living materials, such as Bacillus subtilis -nattō- bacteria and the "many-headed" slime mold Physarum polycephalum.

Her audiovisual pieces, sculptures, and performances seek to identify and react to precarious social and material moments, often in relation to technology.

Jenna Sutela , Artist & Musician

https://momentum9.no/contributor/jenna-sutela/

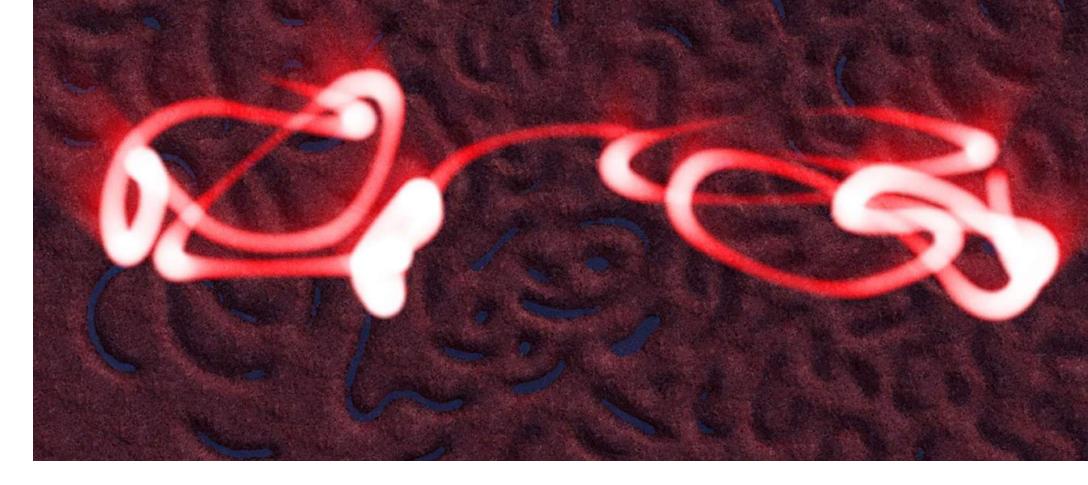
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mtUtZ2eDsbg

#neural network, audio recordings of early Martian
language, and microscopic footage of extremophilic space
bacteria #machine learning

"nimiia cétii" is the audiovisual manifestation of

Jenna Sutela's experiments with machine learning in search of

a language beyond the one we know(interspecies communication).



Based on the automatic writing and oral transmissions of Hélène Smith, who described them as communications with Martians, this recording manifests a language that goes beyond human comprehension.

The computer is a medium that channels messages from entities that can't normally speak.

This language is based on the computer's interpretation of a Martian tongue from the late 1800s, originally channeled by the French medium Hélène Smith and now voiced by Sutela, as well as the movement of Bacillus subtilis, according to recent spaceflight experimentation, can survive on Mars. The bacterium is also present in nattō, or fermented soybeans, a probiotic food considered as a secret to long life. Beyond Bacterial—Martian culture, or Martian gut bacteria, the project attempts to express the non-human condition of computers that work as our interlocutors and infrastructure. (The bacteria are commonly taken on space flights to Mars to test the limits of life in a place from which, as Sutela speculates, they could possibly originate.)

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hélène Smith = Hélène Smith

Jenna Sutela / nimiaa cétii, 2018

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8MC8VWrultg&t=76s









Makoto Azuma (東信, Azuma Makoto, born July 24, 1976) is a Japanese flower artist, botanical sculptor, and cofounder of JARDINS des FLEURS.

https://azumamakoto.com

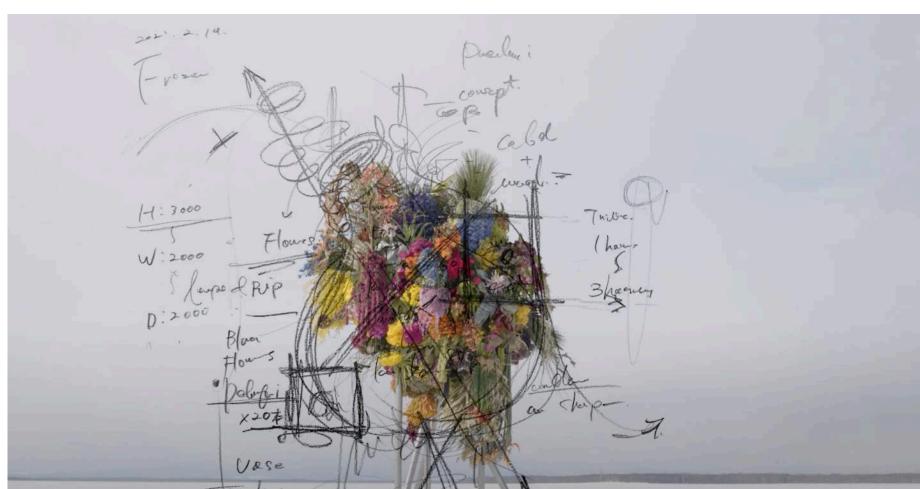
Azuma Makoto

https://azumamakoto.com/4013/











Many of his projects can only be experienced through photos

Azuma Makoto /

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-NG40HaYbjE&t=121s

Makoto speaks with Atmos on how the climate crisis (indirectly) inspires his work, his thoughts on finding beauty in death and decay, and the power of flowers.

"In Japan, you can find fossils of flowers in ancient Jōmon-period tombs that date back 10,000 years. People back then treated plants as something holy. It's not something that can be explained by reason but more like a feeling hidden inside us. In my work, I try to tie humans and flowers together. I'm trying to bring back that sense of reverence for nature in contemporary life."

"I don't want my work to speak to environmental or sustainability issues directly; I want people to figure things out by themselves. But it's definitely there."



"I never studied ikebana or any other styles of flower art I learned flowers by myself, alongside playing music in bands. I realized that there are many things music and flowers have in common—for example, both are fleeting. Just like every rose has different characters, a sound differs depending on the player's state of mind and the environment where that sound lives. Combining all these elements together to express something is basically the same process in both music and flower art. That's one of the reasons why I became completely absorbed with this practice."

Azuma Makoto

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-NG40HaYbjE&t=121s https://azumamakoto.com/4013/





"In Bloom" is an experimental series in which flowers are arranged in naturally impossible situations. In the first installment of this series, "EXOBIOTANICA" plant life was launched up into the stratosphere.

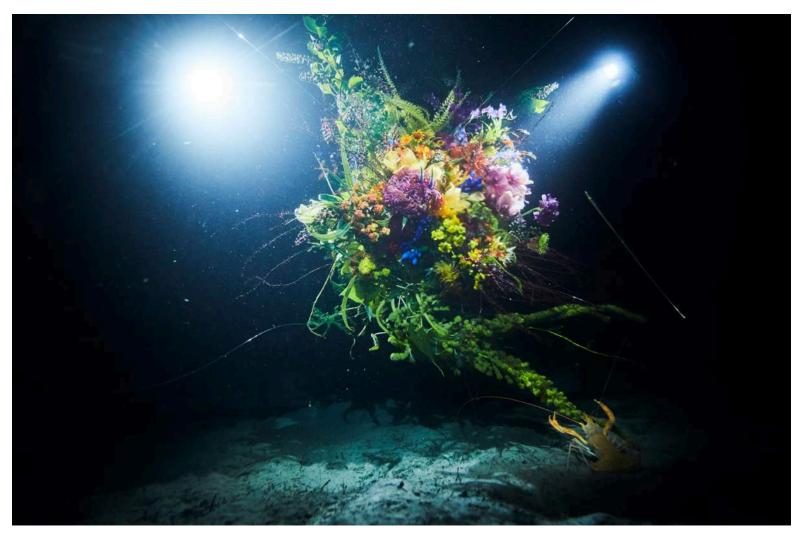
In the second installment, "DAGAT & BULAKLAK", a large mass of flowers was placed in the middle of the ocean. In the third installment "Deep Sea," the plant life was placed within the deep ocean. For this installment, the subject — the flowers — will be significantly larger and heavier than in our first installment. Weighing approximately 6kg with a diameter of approximately 1.5m, we will launch this huge "bouquet" from the Love Lock Desert of Nevada, US. The bouquet will then be arranged around the structure of the Earth.

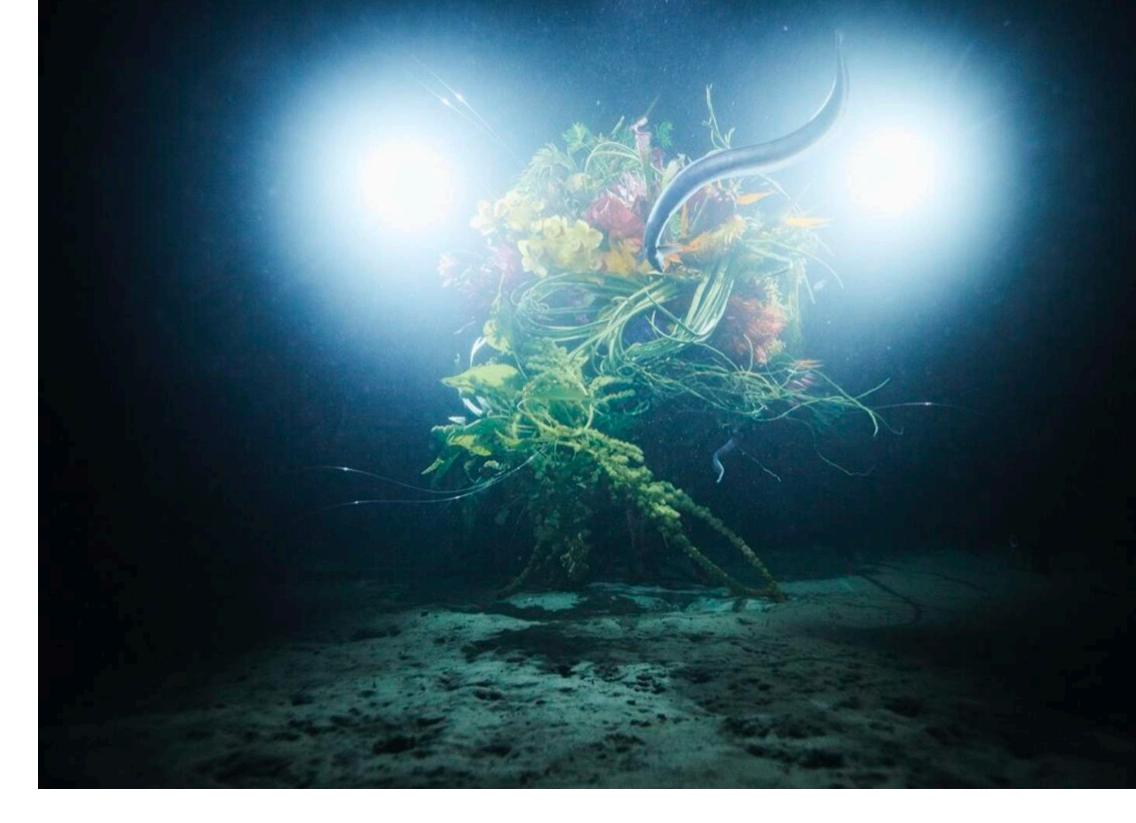
Azuma Makoto

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-NG40HaYbjE&t=121s









Azuma Makoto, In Bloom #3: SEPHIROTHIC FLOWER: Diving into the Unknown, in Suruga Bay, 2017. Photo by Shiinoki Shunsuke. Courtesy of the artist and AMKK.

"In Bloom project, which is about bringing flowers to environments where they don't normally survive, like space or deep sea, is what I'd call "conscious" art. People can think about nature and the environment though that work. It's always my wish for people to imagine using their five senses."

Azuma Makoto

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Xwhamj5jyF0&t=14s. —- 3:00

t h a n k y o u