

Interactive Art // Diagram

Although a large part of the artwork in the presentation in general works similarly, it contains large differences in interaction.

Ulrike Gabriel's' turtles ' makes a clear connection with Walter's work of the same title. Gabriel's robots need a viewer's brainwave activity to function properly, one of the determining factors that make him associated with the robot. Simon Penny's 'Petit Mal" provides interaction in the architectural space between the human/body and the interactive robot. Timo Arnall's' robot readable world', these machine vision images give an insight into the mechanics behind interactive screen-based art. For some, it is necessary as a real trigger that activates the work of art, while others seem to exist in a more autonomous way.

However, it is all due to the artist's use of technology to regulate the interaction between robots and people, screens and bodies or robots. The works I personally knew in advance, Memo Akten's Body paint describes the human body as a space for expressing emotions. Body Paint is a visual tool that allows visitors to paint their bodies on a virtual canvas, interpreting movements and gestures into evolving compositions