

Microservices mit Spring Boot



Microservices mit Spring Boot



Typische Technische Herausforderungen bei der Entwicklung von Microservices

- Konfigurationsmanagement
- Monitoring & Logging
- Sicherheit
- Service-Discovery
- Deployment & Testing
- Load-Balancing
- Kommunikation zwischen den Services

Typische Technische Herausforderungen bei der Entwicklung von Microservices

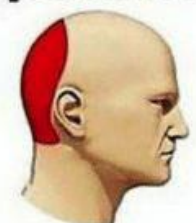
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Types of Headaches

Migraine



Hypertension



Stress



Microservices



Microservices mit Spring Boot



Was ist Spring?



- Großes open source java framework

Main Projects

From configuration to security, web apps to big data – whatever the infrastructure needs of your application may be, there is a Spring Project to help you build it. Start small and use just what you need – Spring is modular by design.



SPRING BOOT

Takes an opinionated view of building Spring applications and gets you up and running as quickly as possible.



SPRING FRAMEWORK

Provides core support for dependency injection, transaction management, web apps, data access, messaging and more.



SPRING CLOUD DATA FLOW

An orchestration service for composable data microservice applications on modern runtimes.



SPRING CLOUD



SPRING DATA



SPRING INTEGRATION

Was ist Spring?



- Großes open source java framework
- Ziel: die Entwicklung mit Java einfacher machen
- Basiert auf den Prinzipien Dependency Injection und AOP
- Ermöglicht ein POJO-basiertes Programmiermodell durch Annotationen
- Umfangreiche Einsatzmöglichkeiten
- Viele Konfigurationsschritte notwendig vor dem ersten Start

Microservices mit Spring Boot



Was verspricht Spring Boot?

“Spring Boot makes it easy to create stand-alone, production-grade Spring-based Applications that you can run.”

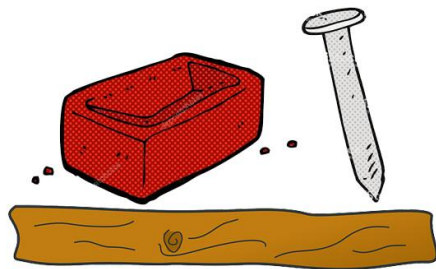
Was verspricht Spring Boot?

“Spring Boot makes it easy to create stand-alone, production-grade Spring-based Applications that you can run.”



Was ist Spring Boot?

- Spring Projekt
- Convention-over-configuration Lösung
- Eine Zusammenstellung von Elementen der Spring Plattform und Third-Party libraries
- Voreingestellt mit den „besten“ Konfigurationen für die enthaltenen Elemente



Spring



Spring Boot

Was bietet Spring Boot?

- SQL und NoSQL Unterstützung
- Embedded Server (Tomcat, Jetty, Undertow)
- Automatische Konfiguration
- Integrierte Metriken und Health Status
- Ermöglicht fat jar-Erstellung
- Devtools (auto-restart, liveReload)
- Vielzahl an Spring Boot Starter

Was ist ein Spring Boot Starter?

- Spring Boot Lösung für einen typischen Anwendungsfall
- Ad-hoc Skelettprojekt
- Beinhaltet alle notwendigen Dependencies
- Über 60 verschiedene Starter (Data,Logging,Mail,Web,...)
- Mehrere Starter können in einem Service genutzt werden
-> viele weitere Anwendungsfälle können abgedeckt werden

Wie erstelle ich ein Spring Boot Projekt?

- Spring Boot Projekte besitzen eine bestimmte Struktur und können von vielen IDE's (IntelliJ, Eclipse,...) oder durch den Spring Initializr erstellt werden
- Spring Initializer: <https://start.spring.io/>

Wie kann die Kommunikation zwischen Microservices aussehen?



Service 1
Port 9090

← → ↻ ⓘ localhost:9090/test/getObject

1

```
1 package com.example.demo.api;
2
3 import com.example.demo.model.TestObject;
4 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
5 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
6 import org.springframework.web.client.RestTemplate;
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8 import static org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMethod.GET;
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10 @RestController
11 @RequestMapping("/test")
12 public class TestEndpoint {
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16         return new TestObject( content: "Hello World from Service 1");
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20     public TestObject getTestObjectFromService2() {
21         RestTemplate restTemplate = new RestTemplate();
22         return restTemplate.getForObject( url: "http://localhost:9091/test/getObject", TestObject.class);
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```

{"content":"Hello World from Service 1"}

Benötigte Dependency: Spring Boot Starter Web

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```

Benötigte Dependency: Spring Boot Starter Web

← → ↻ ⓘ localhost:9090/test/getObjectFromService2

{"content":"Hello World from Service 2"}

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1 package com.example.demo.api;
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{"content":"Hello World from Service 2"}

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Service 2
Port 9091

← → ↻ ⓘ localhost:9090/test/getObjectFromService2

{"content":"Hello World from Service 2"}

1

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Typische Technische Herausforderungen bei der Entwicklung von Microservices

- Konfigurationsmanagement ✓ erweiterbar durch: Spring Cloud Config
- Monitoring & Logging ✓ - Spring Boot Actuator & Spring Boot Starter Logging
- Sicherheit ✓ - Spring Boot Starter Security
- Service-Discovery ✓ - Spring Cloud Starter Eureka Client
- Deployment & Testing ✓ - fat jar Erstellung & Spring Boot Starter Test
- Load-Balancing ✓ - Spring Cloud Starter Netflix Ribbon
- Kommunikation zwischen den Services ✓ - Spring Boot Starter Web
erweiterbar durch: Feign, Hystrix

Fragen oder Anmerkungen?



Präsentation und Code: <https://bit.ly/2WsoalA>

Quellen:

- <https://www.innoq.com/de/articles/2016/10/microservices-eine-bestandsaufnahme/>
- [https://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spring_\(Framework\)](https://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spring_(Framework))
- <https://docs.spring.io/spring/docs/5.1.6.RELEASE/spring-framework-reference/overview.html#overview>
- <https://start.spring.io/>
- <https://docs.spring.io/spring-boot/docs/2.1.4.RELEASE/reference/pdf/spring-boot-reference.pdf>
- <https://howtodoinjava.com/spring-boot-tutorials/>
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- <https://www.javaguides.net/2019/01/standard-project-structure-for-spring-boot-projects.html>
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- <https://spring.io/guides/gs/serving-web-content/>
- <https://docs.spring.io/spring/docs/5.1.6.RELEASE/spring-framework-reference/overview.html#overview>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WPKv8NA-ZhE>