

FUTURE NATURE

The design idea of the FUTURENATURE originates from observations of the Chinese society, surrounding area and a attempt to follow the line of time into the [Bright] future.

What is time but a spiral of interdependent events, each turn of which repeats an event on different levels? This year, the history of Shougang and its legacy will be 100 years. From almost 100 years of processing iron, coal, coke, etc. to produce one of the most important building materials in the world. The glorious past of the enterprise was unfortunately regardless of the consequences on environment. The factories of Shougang were closed exactly because of the thread of the climate breakdown in 2006. They have perfectly showed the state of the environment - full of CO₂, droughts and extreme temperatures. This is the cost of our ecological technological development in the 20th century. But today, instead of taking away from nature, it is willing to give back.

The main idea of the revitalization of the Blast Furnace No 1 was born as the synthesis of two main axes which go through it. The planned green axis with the industrial heritage park on it gave an impulse for creating a new public space, where people can meet and communicate. The idea of diverse social gathering creates clean environment for communication, interaction and privacy. The old railroads, transversing the green axis, are used to create a pathway to the blast furnace exhibition and through it to the park inside of it. The second function is derived from the already renovated Blast Furnace No 3 - a monument of the history of the area and the second industrial revolution. FUTURENATURE corresponds to it and highlights this part of the area. It is also a symbol for the continuation of the exhibition. FUTURENATURE respectively represents the possibilities of the future, gives people a chance to experience the impact of the 4th industrial revolution on the environment, on their lives; it educates in order to act.

In the spatial terms, the functions are distributed in the following way: the first is the centralized meeting of various parts of the industrial park over the entire area, qualitatively providing over the exhibition space. According to its concept the first part of the exhibition is placed in the existing ground floor to provide necessary darkness. This part of the exhibition states facts and provides questions about the world we live in. The next one is the transitional zone which leads to the spiral volume on the first floor. The spiral itself should represent the "light" part of the exhibition, showing alternative methods of solving global problems. Form of the spiral is the product of a process of solving problems. The house in its architectural appearance appeal to the idea of an algorithm as a solving tool. While its gradual movement to the top is a metaphor for achieving the main aim - the last staircase in the spiral leads to the park at the top of it. The nature is in this aim.

The park is designed considering the division of space in traditional south Chinese typologies. This type was more suitable for a public building than the imperial northern one. The space of the park is polarly divided into public and private areas with a transitional zone in between. The design concept of vegetation used in the park reflects the private-public principles. The plants are low and rare in public areas, getting higher and denser in the private ones. It provides acoustical and visual protection of spaces.

Visual axis are another defining features for the design of the park. The analysis of the surrounding territory helped to distinguish the main visual attraction points and divide them into two main categories: natural landscape and industrial landscape. The north part of the building which unfortunately do not provide any special view is thought to be an "introspective" part of the park, having the labyrinth and the beach on its roof.

The spiral volume is interpreted as a mountain. The top of it is covered with greenery and has a long curved path which provides the "changing step changing view" principle with the water element running besides the path for additional orientation. To get the needed amount of light for plants inside the decision was made to replace the metal roof with transparent solar panels.

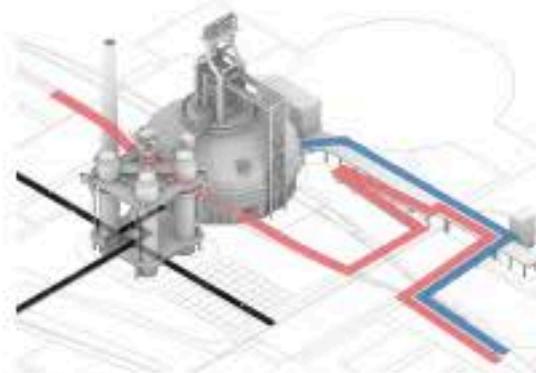
There are few ways to get to the park. Either a visitor follows the railroads and comes up to the park through the tunnel on the ground floor or he/she uses the existing ramp, which starts on the opposite side of the southern street. The entrance to the exhibition is situated on the north side of the building. Its walls are attached to the park which connects different paths and platforms to the blast furnace between each other giving the possibility to get to the top of it for a view.

Placement of nature on top of the technology was deliberate action. The composition of it is using the Artificial to sustain the Natural. Here technology plays the role of a medium between men and nature which can positively influence the latter one. Nevertheless the spiral ends and a visitor ideally comes into direct dialogue with the nature, realizing his/her own responsibility and dependence on it.

In the perfect scenario FUTURENATURE will give an impulses to move in the direction of sustainable future. Once the goal is achieved the blast furnace can be unveiled from its glass facade revealing the real power of nature being cared with people.



// schematic showing the relation of the blast furnace to the two axes



// access



// exhibition path



// park path



// development of the spiral form



// urban axonometry of the blast furnace, its surrounding industrial relics + new public spaces

